





POWERZ® sootblowers are the result of years of development efforts of its engineers. Nowadays Powerz has a wide range of highperformance equipment designed to clean the boiler under load and remove the remains of the combustion process. Using of innovative technologies and the sophisticated geometry of the blowing nozzles ensures high-quality cleaning of various parts of the boiler.

## Basic concepts

The water cannon and steam sootblowers are designed for the preventive cleaning (on the gas side) of the heating surfaces of operating steam boilers burning solid or liquid fuel or biomass. Cleaning is achieved by moving jets of water or steam which are formed and transferred towards the surface being cleaned by means of the nozzles of the sootblowers.

The necessity to clean a heating surface of a steam boiler is determined individually in each case and depends on the boiler's assembly features, mineral composition of the fuel used, and gas temperature and speed in accordance with conditions providing operating pure state of the surface.

In order to provide stable functioning of the entire system, steam boilers are equipped with a comprehensive cleaning system which is designed by the specialists for specific conditions and includes specialised cleaning units for individual heating surfaces.

The use of sootblowers helps to increase operating availability of the boiler unit, decrease downtime and repair expenses, and increase the unit's performance up to projected parameters and efficiency.









Improper operation and delayed cleaning of the boiler unit can lead to an emergency failures. The most common causes leading to an accident are: fuel explosion, fine water filter clogging, drop in boiler water pressure, mechanical damage to pipes, failure to follow heating requirements, violations of blowing protocol, pressure decrease. POWERZ® sootblowers may eliminate possible negative factors and may help reach the design parameters of boiling units.

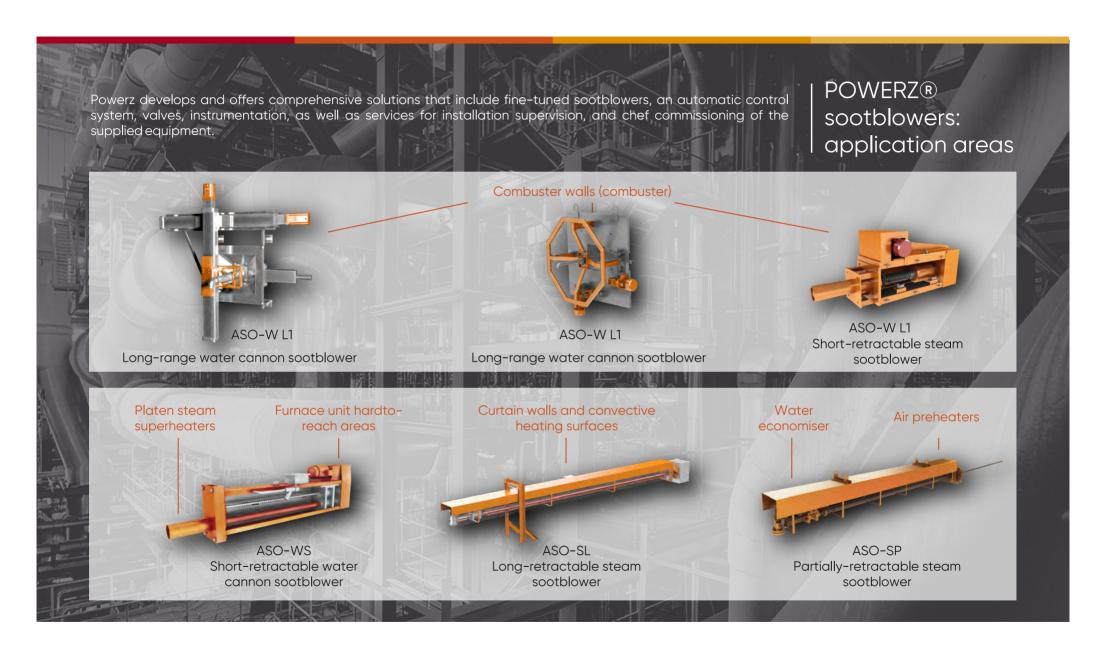
### Problem statement

#### Physical manifestation of negative factors of ash deposition:

Sticking of ash to the external surface of pipes; ash has a low heat transfer coefficient and provokes a sharp drop in the heat transfer coefficient from the combustion products to the heat carrier (water or steam).

#### Negative factors of ash deposition are:

- · decrease of boiler unit's performance;
- reduction of the operating efficiency as a result of increasing the temperature of the exhaust gases, which in turn leads to excessive fuel consumption;
- increased auxiliary electricity requirements when smoke exhausts are operating at a peak load due to the increase of the air-flow resistance of the heat exchange unit packages, since the area of passage also decreases;
- unscheduled shutoffs of boiling units due to contamination of heat exchange units' surfaces;
- damage of boiling units' components due to collapse of accumulated ash blocks;
- significant deposition of unburned fuel particles on convective heating surfaces (economiser, air preheater) can lead in the future to their ignition, which causes damage to the components of the boiler unit.



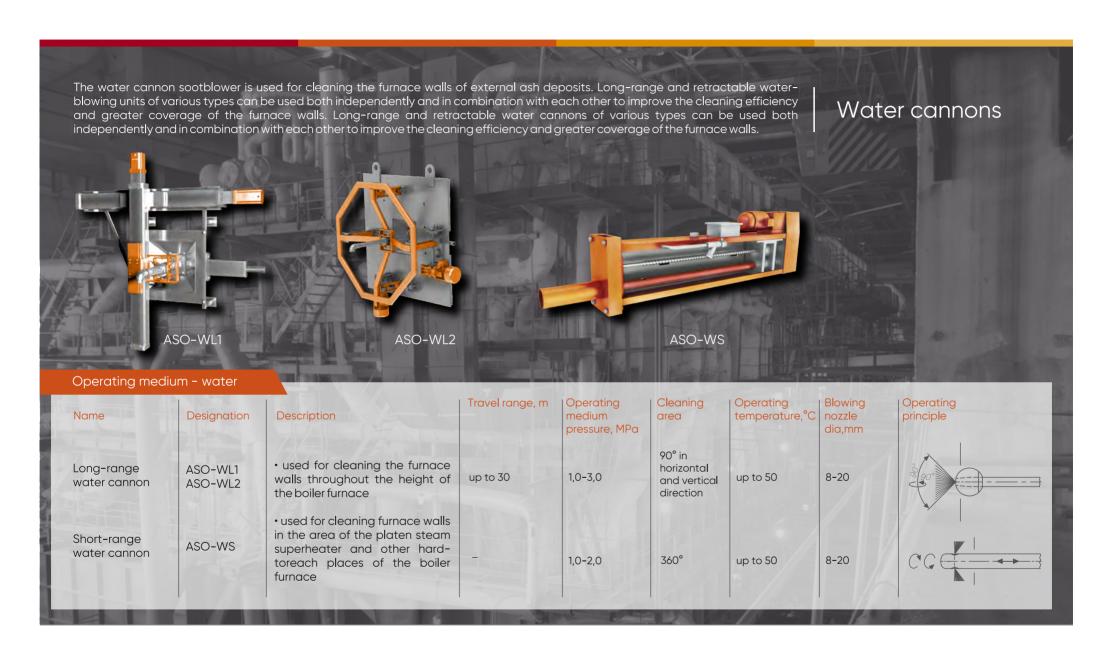


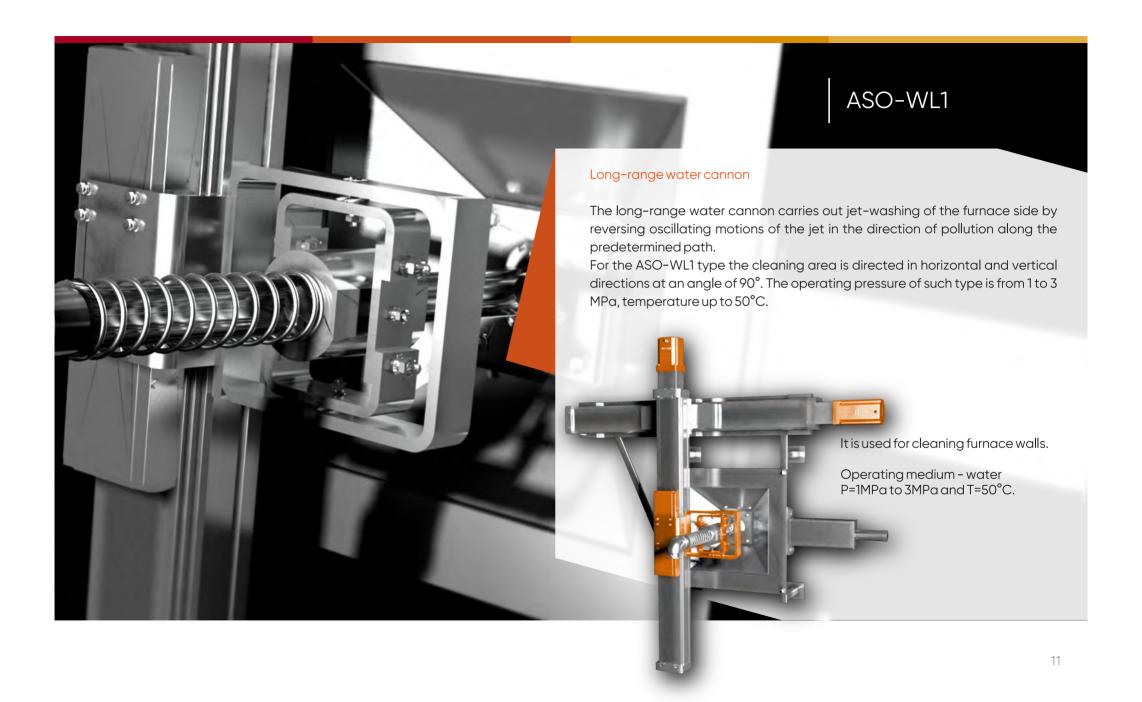
# Types of steam-blowing I Operating medium - steam Travel range, m Operating Operating Blowing Operating Operating

iption		medium		Operating temperature,°C		Operating principle
d for cleaning of curtain walls convective heating surfaces of biler	1,5–12,0	1,0-4,0	360°	340–400	8–30	CC
d for cleaning the furnace walls ghout the height of the boiler ce	до 0,5	0,8–3,0	360°	350	8–30	CC
ed for cleaning the water omiser and boiler air preheaters boiler	6,0–12,0	1,0-4,0	360°	320–400	8–30	CC
ternal space of the boiler unit for cleaning individual ents of heating surfaces						
blowing tube makes pendular onal movements	1,5–9,0	1,0-4,0	360°	340–400	8–30	C
l for cleaning heating surfaces	15.00	10 40	360°	340, 400	8 30	<b>V</b>
olowing tube does not rotate	1,5 0,0	1,0-4,0		0-10-400	0 00	•
blowing tube is completely ed in the internal space of the unit and only makes rotational ments	1,5–9,0	1,0-4,0	360°	340–400	8–30	CG
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